



Elevated uninhibited platelet reactivity and earlier platelet function recovery in aspirin resistant patients after aspirin withdrawal

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Joint Meeting of Coronary Revascularization





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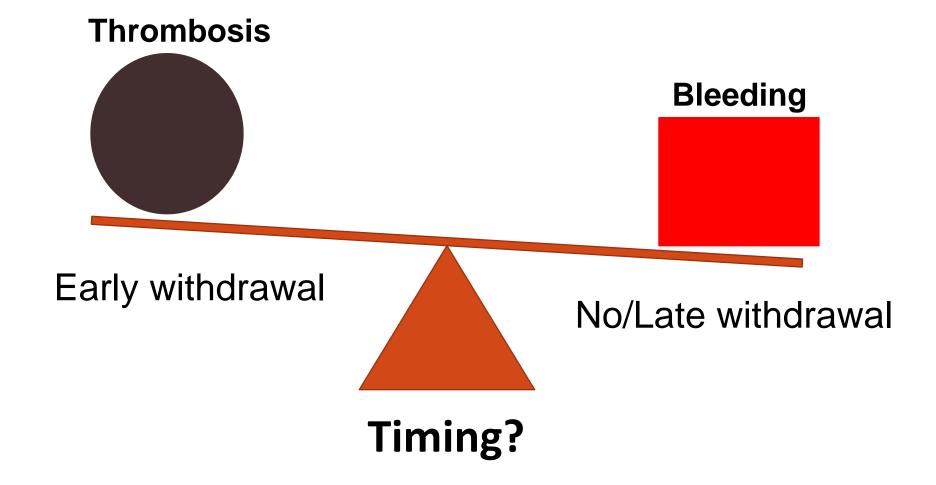


Preoperative Aspirin Management

- Traditionally stopped to prevent bleeding
- **Different practices** among surgeons and centres
- ♥ Different recommendations from guidelines (ACCF/AHA, ACCP, STS, EACTS)¹-4
- **Balance** between **bleeding** and **thrombosis**
- 1. Hillis LD, et al. Circulation. 2011 Dec 6;124(23):2610-42.
- 2. Douketis JD, et al. Chest. 2012 Feb;141(2 Suppl):e326S-e350S.
- 3. Ferraris VA, et al. Ann Thorac Surg. 2012 Nov;94(5):1761-81.
- 4. Sousa-Uva M, et al. Eur J Cardiothorac Surg. 2018 Jan 1;53(1):5-33



Aspirin Discontinuation





Platelet Function Recovery

- Duration of residual platelet function suppression after aspirin withdrawal
- **♥Normalized after 4-5 days**^{1,2}
- **#**Effect of aspirin resistance?

- 1. Cahill et al. J Am Coll Surg. 2005 Apr;200(4):564-73.
- 2. Kim et al. Curr Ther Res Clin Exp. 2014 Mar 25;76:26-31



Objectives

1. To investigate platelet function profile after aspirin withdrawal in aspirin resistant and non-resistant patients.



Methods

Recruited from Nov 2015 to Oct 2017

Study subjects: Elective CABG patients on aspirin

Healthy Controls: Antiplatelet-naïve healthy volunteers





Study Subjects

Inclusion

- Elective CABG
- ▼ 18 75 years old
- ▼ Taking 75 100mg ASA every day for >7 days

Exclusion

- Urgent/emergency CABG
- Coronary event/stroke in the past 7 days
- Bleeding diathesis/platelet disorder
- Other antiplatelets
- Other NSAIDs or COX-2 inhibitors





Healthy Controls

Inclusion

- Healthy with no known chronic illness
- ▼ 18 55 years old
- Antiplatelet-naïve

Exclusion

- Significant medical history
- Taking chronic medications
- ▼ Taking aspirin/other NSAID for the past 7 days as painkiller





Platelet Function Test

Measure platelet reactivity

Assess antiplatelet effect¹

Predict outcomes after cardiac surgery²⁻⁵

Multiplate® Analyser

- Benchtop, point-of-care PFT
- Multiple electrode aggregometry
- 1. Bonello L, et al. Cardiology. 2010;56(12).
- 2. Rahe-Meyer N, et al. Anesth Analg. 2008 Dec;107(6).
- 3. Reece M, et al. Anaesthesia. 2011 Feb;66(2).



- 4. Ranucci M, et al. Ann Thorac Surg. 2011 Jan;91(1).
- 5. Weber CF, et al. Anesthesiology. 2012 Sept;117(3).



Platelet Function Study

Practice in hospital

Stop aspirin for 7 days

Every 24±1H post aspirin withdrawal



Normal platelet reactivity of antiplatelet-naïve healthy volunteers

Mann-Withney U Test; p < 0.05



Aspirin Resistance

Aspirin Resistance (AspR) defined as platelet

reactivity > 300 AU*min on aspirin





ASPiRE-CABG Study

RESULTS





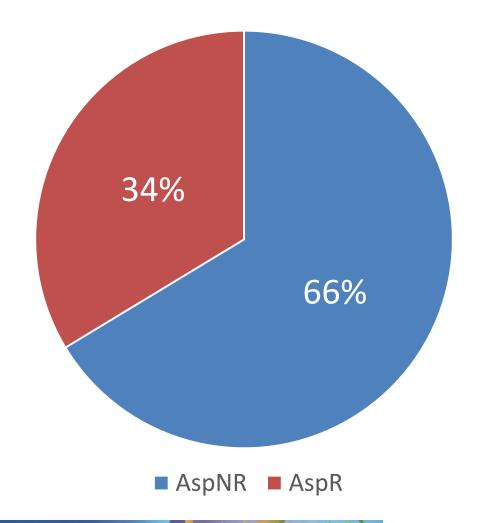
Subject Characteristics

Characteristics	Patients (n=101)	Healthy Volunteers (n=63)
Age	57.2±8.8	24.9±6.1
Male	90 (89.1)	53 (84.1)
BMI	27.5±3.9	23.8±4.1
Hypertension	94 (93.1)	N.A.
Hyperlipidaemia	82 (81.2)	N.A.
Diabetes mellitus	42 (41.6)	N.A.
Smoker	68 (67.3)	20 (31.7)





AspR vs AspNR



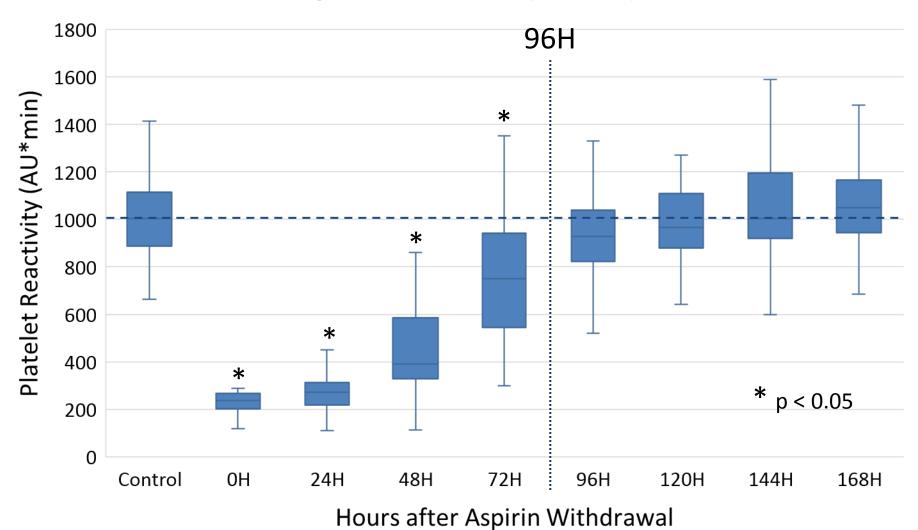


AspR vs AspNR

Characteristics	AspR (n=34)	AspNR (n=67)	p-value
Age	55.9±10.4	57.8±7.8	0.29
Male	30 (88.2)	60 (89.6)	0.84
BMI	28.4±4.2	27.0±3.6	0.08
Hypertension	32 (94.1)	62 (92.5)	0.77
Hyperlipidaemia	26 (76.5)	56 (83.6)	0.39
Diabetes mellitus	17 (50.0)	25 (37.3)	0.22
Smoker	29 (85.3)	39 (58.2)	0.01
WBC, 10 ⁹ /L	9.0±2.2	7.9±1.9	0.01
Hb, g/dL	14.0±1.6	13.7±1.4	0.34
Platelet, 10 ⁹ /L	253.4±68.6	248.7±55.4	0.68



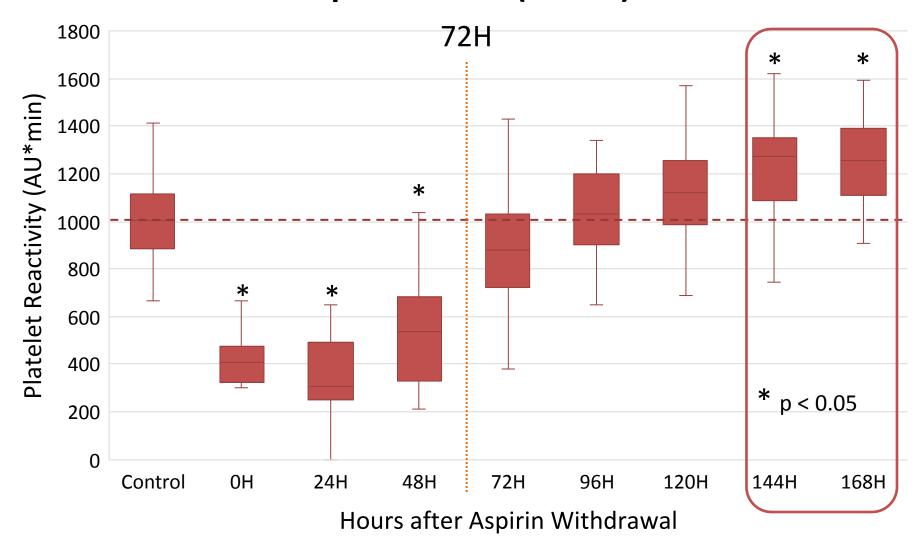
Platelet Function Profile after Aspirin Withdrawal in AspNR Patients (n = 67)







Platelet Function Profile after Aspirin Withdrawal in AspR Patients (n = 34)





Discussion (1)

Overall, platelet function recovered 3-4 days after stopping aspirin in elective CABG patients.

- ▼ Kim et al. PF recovered after 96 hours after stopping aspirin for dental procedures in CVD patients¹
- ♥ Cahil et al. Bleeding time normalized within 96 hours while PF normalized within 144 hours in healthy volunteers²

- 1. Kim et al. Curr Ther Res Clin Exp. 2014 Mar 25;76:26-31
- 2. Cahill et al. J Am Coll Surg. 2005 Apr;200(4):564-73.

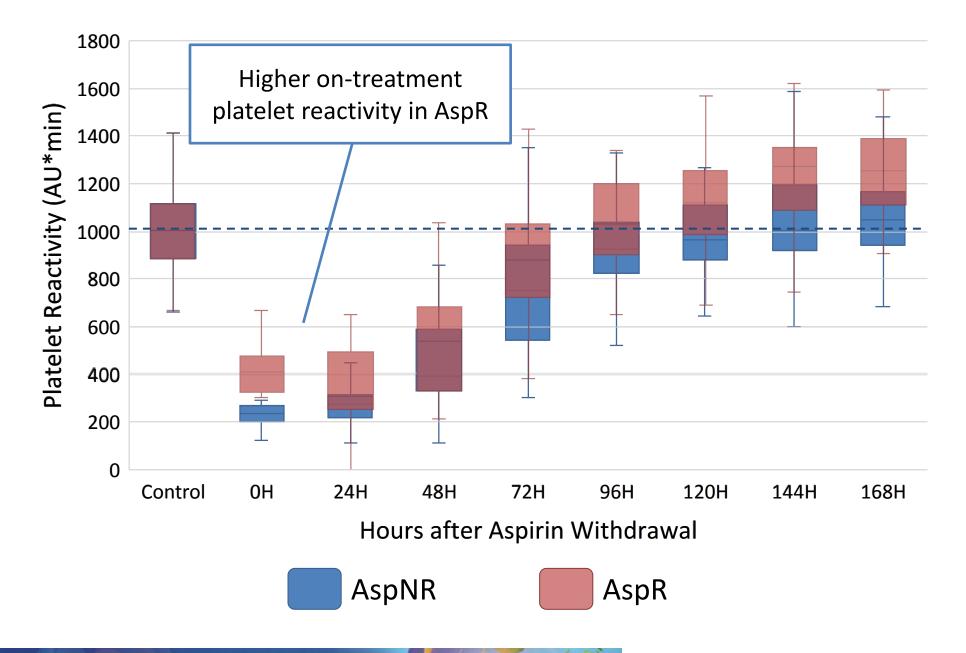


Discussion (2)

Platelet function of **AspR** patient **recovered faster** than **AspNR** patient after aspirin withdrawal.

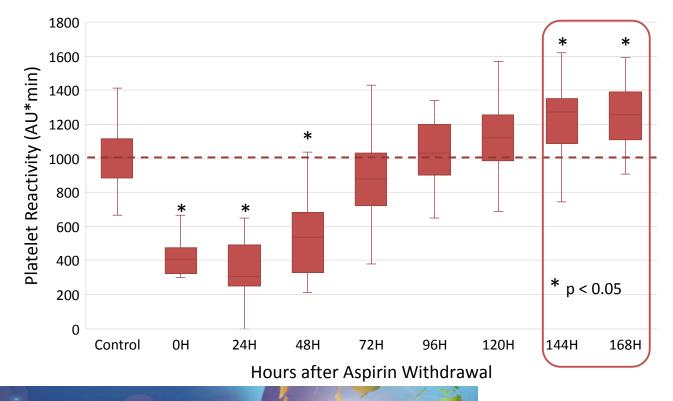






Discussion (3)

Higher platelet reactivity in AspR patients after aspirin was stopped for >5 days





Discussion (3)

Higher platelet reactivity in AspR patients after aspirin was stopped for >5 days

- ♥ Higher platelet aggregability → higher clotting risk
- ▼ Explain higher thrombotic rate in those stopped aspirin (>5d vs ≤5d) in observational studies¹⁻³

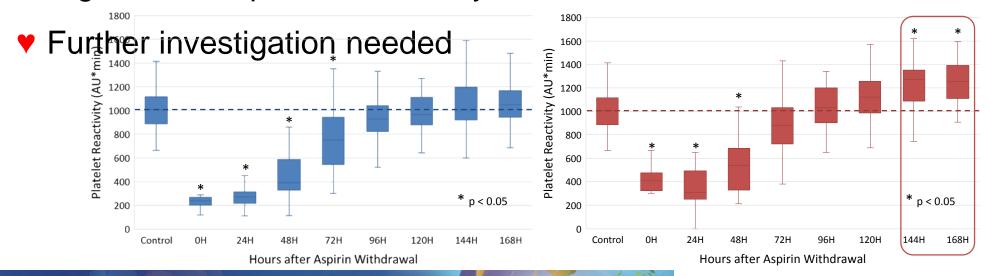
- 1. Bybee et al. Circulation. 2005 Aug 30;112(9 Suppl):1286-92.
- 2. Cao et al. Ann Surg. 2012 Feb;255(2):399-404.
- 3. Yao et al. Ann Surg. 2015 Jan;261(1):207-12.



Discussion (3) Cont.

Higher platelet reactivity in AspR patients after aspirin was stopped for >5 days

- Rebound effect?
- High baseline platelet reactivity?





RCTs on ASA before Surgery

Study	Surgery	Pre-Op Aspirin	Outcomes
Myles (2016) ¹	CABG	100mg enteric- coated	No effect on death or thrombotic complications and bleeding
Devereaux (2014) ²	Non-cardiac	200mg	No effect on death and MI but increased risk of bleeding
Deja (2012) ³	CABG	300mg	May decreased coronary event but increased bleeding
Morawski (2005) ⁴	CABG	150mg 12h and 3h before	Increased blood transfusion

ASA stopped 4 - 10 days before surgery¹⁻⁴.

ASA dose & formulation on bleeding?

Platelet reactivity?

Timing?

- 1. Myles PS, et al. N Engl J Med. 2016 Feb 25;374(8):728-37.
- 2. Devereaux PJ, et al. N Engl J Med. 2014 Apr 17;370(16):1494-503.
- Deja MA, et al. J Thorac Cardiovasc Surg. 2012 Jul;144(1):204-9.
- 4. Morawski W, et al. J Thorac Cardiovasc Surg. 2005 Sep;130(3):791-6.



Limitations

- **Observational** study
- **Small** sample size
- ♥No clinical evaluation of bleeding and thrombotic rate

Conclusion

- Platelet function of aspirin resistant patients recovered earlier than aspirin non-resistant patients after aspirin withdrawal (3 vs 4 days).
- 2. Stopping aspirin for too long, i.e. > 5 days might increase thrombotic risk due to higher than normal uninhibited platelet reactivity in aspirin resistant patients.





